



Premia Global Advisors

Miguel Sosa, CIMA®
Founder
2600 South Douglas Road
Suite 1103
Coral Gables, FL 33134
786-646-9141
msosa@premiaglobaladvisors.com
www.premiaglobaladvisors.com



Market Week: August 24, 2026

The Markets (as of market close August 21, 2026)



The benchmark indexes closed lower last week, snapping a multi-week winning streak. Despite a rally last Friday, stocks retreated in response to elevated Treasury yields, rising crude oil prices, mixed corporate earnings, and weakness in key tech and mega-cap shares. Among the market sectors, only health care, materials, and energy closed the week higher. Bonds experienced a sharp sell-off, particularly in long-term Treasuries, driven by growing fiscal deficit concerns, stubborn energy-driven inflation risks, and heavy debt issuance.

Stock Market Indexes

Key Dates/Data Releases

8/25: New home sales

8/26: Durable goods orders, GDP, Personal Income and Outlays

8/27: International trade in goods

Market/Index	2025 Close	Prior Week	As of 8/21	Weekly Change	YTD Change
DJIA	48,063.29	53,732.41	53,277.01	-0.85%	10.85%
NASDAQ	23,241.99	26,729.16	26,180.46	-2.05%	12.64%
S&P 500	6,845.50	7,785.76	7,674.37	-1.43%	12.11%
Russell 2000	2,481.91	3,068.42	3,017.87	-1.65%	21.59%
Global Dow	6,169.34	7,108.44	7,099.31	-0.13%	15.07%
fed. funds target rate	3.50%-3.75%	3.50%-3.75%	3.50%-3.75%	0 bps	0 bps
10-year Treasuries	4.16%	4.69%	4.74%	5 bps	58 bps
US Dollar-DXY	98.26	99.65	98.83	-0.82%	0.58%
Crude Oil-CL=F	\$57.46	\$82.31	\$86.78	5.43%	51.03%
Gold-GC=F	\$4,323.90	\$4,428.70	\$4,669.80	5.44%	8.00%

Chart reflects price changes, not total return. Because it does not include dividends or splits, it should not be used to benchmark performance of specific investments.

Last Week's Economic News

- The number of issued residential building permits rose 5.0% in July over the June estimate and 3.1% above the July 2025 rate. Single-family building permits in July were 2.5% above the June figure. Housing starts in July were 12.4% below the June figure and 13.5% below the estimate from a year earlier. Single-family housing starts in July were 9.9% below the revised June figure. Housing completions in July were 9.1% below the June estimate and 16.8% under the July 2025 rate. Single-family housing completions in July were 5.8% below the June rate.
- U.S. import prices decreased 0.4% in July following a 0.3% decline in June. Lower prices for fuel imports more than offset higher prices for nonfuel imports in July. Despite the monthly decline, prices for U.S. imports increased 5.9% for the 12 months ended July 2026. Prices for U.S. exports decreased 1.3% in July after falling 0.7% the previous month. Over the past year, U.S. export prices increased 8.2%.
- Industrial production (IP) and manufacturing production each grew 0.2% in July after increasing 0.3% in June. In July, mining and utilities increased 0.2% and 0.5%, respectively. Manufacturing output excluding motor vehicles and parts increased 0.4%. Total IP in July was 1.1% above its year-earlier level.
- For the week ended August 15, there were 206,000 new claims for unemployment insurance, a decrease of 6,000 from the previous week's level, which was revised up by 3,000. According to the Department of Labor, the advance rate for insured unemployment claims for the week ended August 8 was 1.2%, unchanged from the prior week's rate. The advance number of those receiving unemployment insurance benefits during the week

ended August 8 was 1,799,000, an increase of 18,000 from the previous week's level, which was revised up by 4,000. States and territories with the highest insured unemployment rates for the week ended August 1 were New Jersey (2.6%), Puerto Rico (2.6%), Rhode Island (2.2%), Massachusetts (2.1%), Minnesota (2.1%), Oregon (2.0%), California (1.9%), Washington (1.9%), Connecticut (1.7%), Nevada (1.7%), New York (1.7%), and Pennsylvania (1.7%). The largest increases in initial claims for unemployment insurance for the week ended August 8 were in Michigan (+1,931), New York (+1,379), Texas (+1,324), South Carolina (+1,268), and Illinois (+994), while the largest decreases were in Ohio (-252), Iowa (-103), Kentucky (-87), Louisiana (-41), and North Dakota (-33).

- The national average retail price for regular gasoline was \$4.049 per gallon on August 17, \$0.043 per gallon above the prior week's price and \$0.924 per gallon higher than a year ago. Also, as of August 17, the East Coast price decreased \$0.021 to \$3.863 per gallon; the Midwest price rose \$0.122 to \$3.938 per gallon; the Gulf Coast price increased \$0.079 to \$3.622 per gallon; the Rocky Mountain price advanced \$0.164 to \$4.285 per gallon; and the West Coast price ticked up \$0.011 to \$5.086 per gallon.

Eye on the Week Ahead

Most of the attention will be focused on the latest report on gross domestic product and on the personal consumption expenditures price index, an important measure of inflation.

Data sources: Economic: Based on data from U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics (unemployment, inflation); U.S. Department of Commerce (GDP, corporate profits, retail sales, housing); S&P/Case-Shiller 20-City Composite Index (home prices); Institute for Supply Management (manufacturing/services). Performance: Based on data reported in WSJ Market Data Center (indexes); U.S. Treasury (Treasury yields); U.S. Energy Information Administration/Bloomberg.com Market Data (oil spot price, WTI, Cushing, OK); www.goldprice.org (spot gold/silver); Oanda/FX Street (currency exchange rates).

News items are based on reports from multiple commonly available international news sources (i.e., wire services) and are independently verified, when necessary, with secondary sources such as government agencies, corporate press releases, or trade organizations. All information is based on sources deemed reliable, but no warranty or guarantee is made as to its accuracy or completeness. Neither the information nor any opinion expressed herein constitutes a solicitation for the purchase or sale of any securities and should not be relied on as financial advice. Forecasts are based on current conditions, subject to change, and may not come to pass. U.S. Treasury securities are guaranteed by the federal government as to the timely payment of principal and interest. The principal value of Treasury securities and other bonds fluctuates with market conditions. Bonds are subject to inflation, interest-rate, and credit risks. As interest rates rise, bond prices typically fall. A bond sold or redeemed prior to maturity may be subject to loss. Past performance is no guarantee of future results. All investing involves risk, including the potential loss of principal, and there can be no guarantee that any investing strategy will be successful.

The Dow Jones Industrial Average (DJIA) is a price-weighted index composed of 30 widely traded blue-chip U.S. common stocks. The S&P 500 is a market-cap weighted index composed of the common stocks of 500 largest, publicly traded companies in leading industries of the U.S. economy. The NASDAQ Composite Index is a market-value weighted index of all common stocks listed on the Nasdaq stock exchange. The Russell 2000 is a market-cap weighted index composed of 2,000 U.S. small-cap common stocks. The Global Dow is an equally weighted index of 150 widely traded blue-chip common stocks worldwide. The U.S. Dollar Index is a geometrically weighted index of the

value of the U.S. dollar relative to six foreign currencies. Market indexes listed are unmanaged and are not available for direct investment.

IMPORTANT DISCLOSURES

Premia Global Advisors LLC ("Premia") is a U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") registered investment advisor located in Coral Gables, Florida. Registration as an investment advisor does not imply any level of skill or training. A copy of Premia's Form ADV Part 2A Brochure which includes a description of Premia's services, fees and business practices is filed with the SEC and available by contacting us, or at the SEC's website (www.adviserinfo.sec.gov). Premia and Broadridge are unaffiliated companies.

These materials are not intended to be an advertisement or research and may not be distributed in states where Premia is not registered, or countries or jurisdictions where not permitted by law. Any discussion of investment strategies, products, or services is for information purposes only and should not be deemed to constitute the provision of investment advice, or a recommendation, or offer to purchase, or sell securities or pursue any investment strategy. These materials do not purport to contain all the relevant information that investors may wish to consider in making investment decisions and are not intended to be a substitute for exercising independent judgment. We recommend that investors independently evaluate the appropriateness of a particular investment or strategy and consult with an attorney or tax professional regarding their specific legal or tax situation. Premia does not offer tax or legal advice. No representations are made that investors will be able to avoid loss or achieve a certain level of performance. Investment results will fluctuate and may be highly volatile, particularly over the short term. Diversification does not protect against loss. Our views are subject to change at any time without an obligation to provide an update. Although the information distributed is based on sources believed to be reliable. We do not warrant its completeness accuracy.